

## **Chapter 8: Chemical Composition – Extra Problems**

The author is providing these notes as an addition to the students reading the text book and listening to the lecture. Although the author tries to keep errors to a minimum, the student is responsible **for correcting any errors in these notes.**

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### **1. Calculate Moles**

10.0 g Hydrogen = ? Moles

10.0 g Water = ? Moles

15.7 g Sulfuric Acid = ? Moles

4.0 g Sodium Hydroxide = ? Moles

1.00 Moles Sodium Hydroxide = ? g

1. Moles of Sodium Hydroxide = ? g

2.50 Moles of Water = ? g

If one mole of any gas occupies 22.4 Liters, how many Liters does 21.2 g of Nitrogen Gas occupy?

### **2. Percent Composition**

**2A. Given Molecular Formulae,** What is the % Composition of each element in:

Ethanol,  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CHOH}$

Rubbing Alcohol,  $(\text{H}_3\text{C})_2\text{HC}-\text{CH}_3$

Sulfuric Acid

Sodium Bicarbonate

Hydrochloric Acid

Sodium Hydroxide

Ammonium Nitrate

**2B. Given % Of Each Element determine the Emp & Molecular Form**

C 39.9%, H 6.75%, Mw around 30 g/mole	CH <sub>2</sub> O
Na 45.1%, C 11.4%, Mw between 100 and 110 g/mole	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>
C 39.9%, H 6.75%, Mw around 60 g/mole	Acetic Acid CH <sub>3</sub> COOH
C 92.3%, H 7.6%, Mw around 25-28 g/mole	Acetylene
C 92.1%, H 7.8%, Mw around 75-80 g/mole	Benzene
C 10.0%, H 0.83%, Cl 89.1%, Mw between 115-125 g/mole	Chloroform
C 7.7%, Cl 92.%, Mw between 150 – 160 g/mole	Carbon Tet
C 37.3%, H 12.6%, Mw between 30 – 35 g/mole	Methanol